

# Advanced Benchmarking/Efficiency: PennyLane QML/QiML Simulators

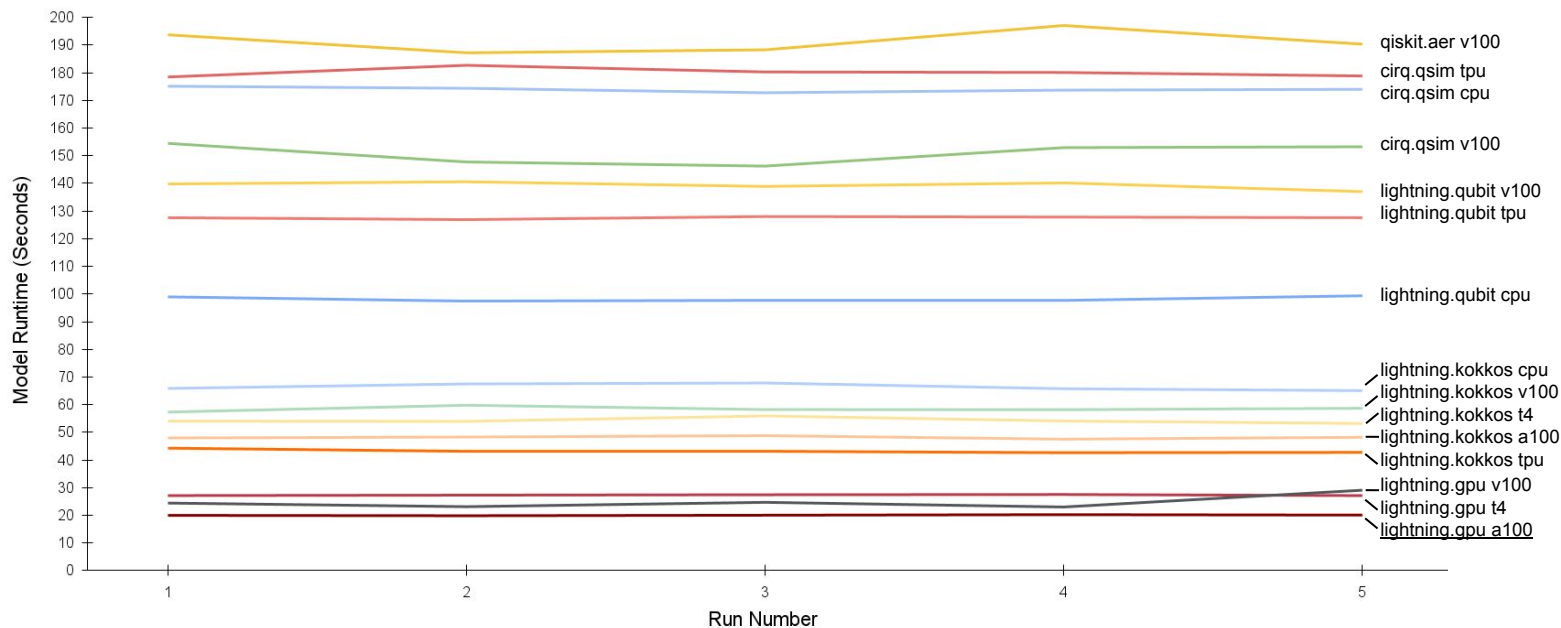


Figure 1/Table 1: PennyLane QML/QiML Simulators (Seconds). Above: Model Runtime vs. Run Number. Not Shown in Figure: default.qubit (740.94s), qulacs.simulator (326.51s)

Figure 1/Table 1: PennyLane QML/QIML Simulators (Seconds). Above: Model Runtime vs. Run Number. Not Shown in Figure: default.qubit (740.94s), qulacs.simulator (326.51s)																	
Device	default.qubit	qulacs.simulator	qskit.aer	cirq.qsim	cirq.qsim	cirq.qsim	lightning.qubit	lightning.qubit	lightning.qubit	lightning.gpu	lightning.gpu	lightning.gpu	lightning.kokkos	lightning.kokkos	lightning.kokkos	lightning.kokkos	lightning.kokkos
Run	v100	v100	v100	cpu	tpu	v100	cpu	tpu	v100	t4	v100	a100	cpu	tpu	t4	v100	a100
1	733.88	320.99	193.68	175.10	178.45	154.45	98.97	127.59	139.78	27.14	24.43	19.98	65.87	44.28	54.07	57.32	47.97
2	724.66	319.98	187.19	174.35	182.67	147.73	97.43	126.88	140.56	27.29	23.13	19.86	67.49	43.13	53.97	59.79	48.30
3	756.91	320.25	188.26	172.74	180.26	146.23	97.71	128.00	138.89	27.44	24.70	20.04	67.83	43.15	55.92	58.23	48.81
4	765.06	336.96	197.05	173.69	180.07	152.91	97.69	127.81	140.15	27.53	23.01	20.24	65.76	42.64	54.10	58.18	47.52
5	724.20	334.37	190.31	173.99	178.81	153.22	99.36	127.58	137.01	27.13	29.08	20.08	65.07	42.76	53.20	58.69	48.22
Avg	740.94	326.51	191.30	173.97	180.05	150.90	98.23	127.57	139.28	27.31	24.87	20.04	66.40	43.19	54.25	58.44	48.16
SD	18.92	8.42	4.06	0.87	1.66	3.67	0.87	0.42	1.41	0.18	2.47	0.14	1.19	0.65	1.00	0.90	0.47
Cost	\$0.1103	\$0.0486	\$0.0285	\$0.0004	\$0.0098	\$0.0225	\$0.0002	\$0.0069	\$0.0207	\$0.0016	\$0.0037	\$0.0073	\$0.0001	\$0.0024	\$0.0031	\$0.0087	\$0.0175
Eff	0.01	0.06	0.18	14.87	0.57	0.29	46.64	1.13	0.35	23.56	10.86	6.85	102.07	9.85	5.97	1.97	1.19
Date	9/19/23	9/19/23	9/19/23	11/28/23	11/27/23	9/19/23	11/28/23	11/27/23	9/19/23	11/27/23	9/18/23	10/2/23	11/27/23	11/27/23	11/27/23	11/27/23	11/27/23

**Please note:** Avg = Average time of 5 runs, SD = Standard deviation of 5 runs, Cost = Average time \* Colab rate, Eff or Efficiency = 1/(Average time \* Cost), 25 Qubits <sup>1</sup>

ChemicalQDevice Innovation

Stage I Medical Quantum Inspired ML

Stage II Software Implementation

Tuesday, November 28<sup>th</sup> 2023

K. Kawchak, CEO ChemicalQDevice



# **Advanced Benchmarking/Efficiency: PennyLane QML/QiML Simulators**

***“We are using our hybrid quantum algorithms delivered on NVIDIA GPUs to deliver significant business impact today.”***

- Markus Pflitsch, CEO of Terra Quantum 11/13/23 <sup>11</sup>

**Purpose:** The objective of this study was to extend on previous speed benchmarkings and gain new insight regarding additional configurations with cost, efficiency, and standard deviation metric considerations. <sup>2</sup>

**Plan:** Run 25 qubit permutation equivariant graph embeddings consisting of trainable qubit rotations by Schuld, M. with 17 Simulator/Colab hardware configurations 5 times each for a total of 85 runs. <sup>1</sup>

**Experiment:** The Google Colab IDE was utilized with notebooks varying in the A) Colab accelerator, B) Python quantum simulator installation packages, and C) PennyLane specific simulator adjustments through the ‘dev’ variable. Each of the runs were made available on GitHub. <sup>3</sup>

**Results:** The lightning.gpu A100 configuration had the fastest average runtime and lowest standard deviation of all runs (20.04s, 0.14). V100 and T4 variants had slower runtimes, but T4 was the most efficient gpu for this configuration. The low cost cpu option with cirq.qsim, lightning.qubit, or lightning.kokkos yielded high efficiencies, with lightning.kokkos CPU having the lowest cost and highest efficiency (\$0.0001, 102.07). The lightning.kokkos TPU configuration was the fastest kokkos configuration. Additional speedups may be realized with further troubleshooting of the kokkos gpu documentation. <sup>4,5</sup>

**Discussion:** The majority of the devices achieved runtimes that were as expected based on marketed speedups for 25 qubits (For example: default.qubit < lightning.qubit < lightning.kokkos). Progress with gpu variants of qulacs.simulator and qiskit.aer have been documented by researchers, which were not able to be implemented. <sup>6,7</sup> Cirq.qsim and lightning.qubit offered similar runtimes, with lightning.qubit CPU remaining the most viable option moving forward. <sup>8</sup> Future studies will focus on more applications of different lightning.gpu and lightning.kokkos configurations in larger models with medical data.

Additional 2023 device benchmarkings have also been performed by Terra Quantum, and QED-C. <sup>9, 10</sup>

#	Works Cited Tuesday November 28 <sup>th</sup> , 2023 ChemicalQDevice CEO Kevin Kawchak
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<u>6</u>	<a href="https://discuss.pennylane.ai/t/gpu-usage-for-pennylane-qiskit/1567/2">https://discuss.pennylane.ai/t/gpu-usage-for-pennylane-qiskit/1567/2</a>
<u>7</u>	Pennylane-qulacs gpu. (2020, January 20). Xanadu Discussion Forum. <a href="https://discuss.pennylane.ai/t/pennylane-qulacs-gpu/320/3">https://discuss.pennylane.ai/t/pennylane-qulacs-gpu/320/3</a>
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<u>9</u>	Benchmarking simulated and physical quantum processing units using quantum and hybrid algorithms. <a href="https://arxiv.org/pdf/2211.15631.pdf">https://arxiv.org/pdf/2211.15631.pdf</a>
<u>10</u>	Lubinski, T. (2023, February 5). Optimization applications as Quantum Performance Benchmarks. arXiv.org. <a href="https://arxiv.org/abs/2302.02278">https://arxiv.org/abs/2302.02278</a>
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*“NVIDIA cuQuantum is a software development kit (SDK) that enables users to easily accelerate and scale quantum circuit simulations with GPUs. A natural tool for calculating state vectors, it enables users to simulate quantum circuits deeper (more gates) and wider (more qubits) than they could on today’s quantum computers.” - Lubowe, T., Morino, S. NVIDIA 12/15/22 <sup>12</sup>*